Insurance policy number	
Notification number	



* This notification is sent to the householder, even if he/she is covered by another insurance policy.

* If you have registered a bank transfer account, we will debit the insurance premiums from your bank account below.

Bank name								
Account type	Transfer category	Account No.						
Account holder								

Payment	First term	Second term
Amount due	yen	yen
Due date		

Insurance premium payment deadlines

Your annual insurance premiums will be divided into 12 payments (terms) and paid by each due date. This notice (provisional calculation) informs you of the amounts for the first and second terms.

Term	1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th	7th	8th	9th	10th	11th	12th
Due date	End of Apr	End of May	End of Jun	End of Jul	End of Aug	End of Sep	End of Oct	End of Nov	6th of Jan	End of Jan	End of Feb	End of Mar

^{*} If the due date falls on a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday, the due date will be the next weekday.

Basis amount for calculating insurance premiums for fiscal year 2024

Medic	al amount (a	all insured pe	ersons)	Suppo	rt amount (a	all insured pe	ersons)	Nursing care amount (insured persons aged 40-64			
a) Income- based-rate premium		household	**			household	11		individual	i) Equal-rate household premium	
Income after basic						6,720 yen					170,000 yen
exemption × 7.40%	per person	per household	per household	exemption x 2.58%	per person	per household	per household	exemption x 2.34%	per person	per household	per household

^{*} Income after basic exemption is the amount obtained by subtracting the basic deduction of 430,000 yen from the total income amount.

Calculation method for the first term

The total of 1 and 2 below divided by 12.

① Annual insurance premium per insured person [income-based rate + even-rate] (for 12 months)

One of the following premiums for each insured person

- •Insured persons 39 years old and under and 65 years old and over
- = [income-based rate(a)(d) (Total income amount for 2022 430,000 yen) x 9.98%] + [even-rate(b)(e) (34,320 yen)]
- •Insured persons from 40 to 64 years old
- = [income-based rate(a)(d)(g) (Total income amount for 2022 430,000 yen) x 12.32%] + [even-rate(b)(e)(h) (46,200 yen)]
- ② Annual insurance premium per household [equal-rate] (for 12 months)

One of the following insurance premiums

- Households with no insured persons from 40 to 64 years old
- = [equal rate(c)(f) 26,520 yen]
- Households with insured persons from 40 to 64 years old
- = [equal-rate(c)(f)(i) 32,520 yen]

Insurance premium reductions

For households eligible for reduced premiums, such as those with total income below the reduction criteria or those with preschool children, the amount to be paid for one term is calculated by subtracting the reduction amount from the result of the calculation method above. For details about the reduction system, please see the back of this notice or the enclosed "Notice regarding National Health Insurance".

Explanation of National Health Insurance Premiums

1 Payment obligor: The head of a household is obliged to pay premiums for the insured members of the household. Even if a householder is covered by the health insurance of his/her workplace or the latter-stage elderly health insurance, if there is a household member insured by the national health insurance, the householder is obliged to pay the premium; in such a case, the householder is regarded as a pseudo-householder (the national health insurance premium is not imposed).

2 Premiums: Income-based-rate premium Calculated for a household and all of its Equal-rate household amount Basic amount insured members Even-rate individual amount (medicine premium) Income-based-rate premium Calculated for a household and all of its Premiums Amount imposed for Equal-rate household amount insured members latter-stage elderly support Even-rate individual amount (elderly support premium) Income-based-rate premium Calculated for a household and all of its Amount imposed for nursing Equal-rate household amount insured members aged 40 to 64 (nursing premium) Even-rate individual amount

* The basis of assessment for the income-based-rate premium (base amount) is the total income, etc. minus the base exemption (430,000yen).

* If there is a person who has been insured for less than 12 months, the adjustment amount column in the notification form (excluding temporary calculation) shows the increase/decrease amount resulting from the monthly calculation of the relevant premium.

The income-based levy in the "National Health Insurance Premium Individual Breakdown" indicates the amount for 12 months even if the person has been insured for less than 12 months; however, the actual levy is calculated according to the number of insured months (Medicine and elderly support: the number of insured months, Nursing support: the number of months at the age of 40 to 64).

The national health insurance premiums are subject to the deduction of social insurance premiums.

OReduction of the equal-rate household premium and even-rate individual premium

• The equal-rate household premium and even-rate individual premium are reduced in accordance with the total incomes, etc. (prior to base exemption) of a householder (including a pseudo-householder) and insured members of the household.

Reduction rate	Judgment criteria	*Partly revised in fiscal year 2023
70% reduction	Households with a total income of [430,000 + 100,000 yen × (number of persons with employment income or pension inco	me minus one)] or less
	Households with a total income of $[430,000 + (295,000 \text{ yen} \times \text{number of insured persons}) + 100,000 \text{ yen} \times (\text{number of persons with employment income or persons)}$	ension income minus one)] or less
20% reduction	Households with a total income of $[430,000 + (545,000 \text{ yen} \times \text{number of insured persons}) + 100,000 \text{ yen} \times (\text{number of persons with employment income or persons)}$	ension income minus one)] or less

* For people aged 65 or older who have public pension income, an amount of 150,000 yen is deducted from their income in the calculation of premiums.

* The equal-rate household premium and even-rate individual premium are reduced only when a householder and all insured members have reported their income.

The even-rate individual premium (the amount after the above reduction if applied) for a preschool child is reduced by 50%. (Indicated as "child" in the reduction category) The premiums may be reduced upon application for a person who has a certificate or notification of employment insurance qualification after leaving a job due to bankruptcy or dismissal.

For childbirth insured persons whose date of birth is on or after November 2023, the premiums may be reduced upon notification.

When there is a change in the status of insured members, the premiums are recalculated accordingly; additional premiums may be charged for shortages or the excess may be returned or appropriated

When a premium for each term includes fractions of one yen, the sum of the fractions is added to the premium for the first term/ or the next term after the third term.

| • A person who turns 40 years old during the fiscal year must pay the premium for nursing calculated beginning from the month that includes the day before

their birthday.

NOTE

· In principle, the premium for nursing imposed on those who turn 65 years old during the fiscal year is calculated for the period from April or from the month of their registration to one month before the month that includes the day before their birthday, and divided evenly for each term by the number of terms until the end of the fiscal year.

A person who turns 75 years old during the fiscal year must pay the premiums until the month before the month of their birthday. In principle, however, if there is/are other insured member(s) in their household, the premiums must be paid evenly for each term until the end of the fiscal year.

When a person insured by an employed people's health insurance association transfers to the latter-stage elderly health insurance system, his/her dependents (aged 65 to 74) must join the national health insurance system and pay premiums. However, the premiums may be reduced upon application. (Exemption according to the ordinance) When a person covered by the national health insurance transfers to the latter-stage elderly health insurance system and the number of insured persons in the household decreases to one, the equal-rate household premiums for medicine and elderly support are reduced by half from the month that includes the date of transfer until the end of the fiscal year, as well as from the next fiscal year until the fifth year after the transfer (specified households), and reduced by a quarter from the sixth until the eighth fiscal year after the transfer (specified continuing households). (Indicated as "Single" in the reduction category)

OImposition and payment of premiums: Your premiums have been determined according to Article 76 of the National Health Insurance Act and Articles 21, 26-6, 26-6-3, 26-6-10, 26-9 and 26-12 of the Kanazawa City National Health Insurance Ordinance. Please pay the premiums by each due date at a specified financial institution, specified proxy financial institution, proxy-receiving financial institution or premium collection contractor of Kanazawa City. Payment via payment slips or

bank transfer is referred to as "normal collection"

OWhen the collection amount is indicated in the section for special collection (deduction from pensions):

• Start of special collection of national health insurance premiums

Your premiums are specially collected from your pensions according to Article 135 of the Long-time Care Insurance Act, which will be applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to Article 76-4 of the National Health Insurance Act.

• The national insurance premium for the following year (temporary collection) In accordance with Article 140 of the Long-time Care Insurance Act, which will be applied mutatis mutandis pursuant to Article 76-4 of the National Health Insurance Act, the same premium as the amount of special collection in February of the fiscal year is collected temporarily, until the premium for the following year is determined. If the amount is changed, you will be notified separately. The premium for people who turn 75 years old in the fiscal year will be collected by normal payment.

3 Late-payment charge: If a premium payment is overdue, a late-payment charge is imposed at an annual rate of 14.6% (7.3% for the one month period from the due date), calculated according to the number of days from the day after the due date to the payment date.

However, as for the period after January 1, 2021, if the average loan rate prescribed pursuant to Article 93-2 of the Special Taxation Measures Law in the fiscal year plus 1% (referred to as "late-payment charge special standard rate" hereafter) is lower than 7.3%, the above rates will be modified as follows:

1) 14.6% is modified to the late-payment charge special standard rate plus 7.3%.

2) 7.3% is modified to the late-payment charge special standard rate plus 1% (Maximum of 7.3%).

4 Reminders: If a premium payment is overdue, a reminder is issued within 20 days of the due date.

Disposition of delinquency: If a premium payment is not completed within 10 days of the date on which the reminder is issued, a disposition of delinquency may

Qualification certificate: If delinquency continues, insurance cards may be confiscated and qualification certificates may be issued instead. In this case, you must pay the full amount of medical costs at medical institutions on a temporary basis (unless there are special circumstances such as a disaster or other situations prescribed by laws and regulations).

Restriction of benefits: In the case of delinquency, medical benefits may be restricted.

If you have any questions about your premium, please contact Kanazawa City Insurance and Pension Section (TEL: 076-220-2256/ FAX: 076-232-5644).

Requests for examination and filing of appeals

- 1. If you have a complaint about the disposition of your delinquency, you can contact the Ishikawa Prefecture National Health Insurance Review Board to request an examination (Medical Treatment Policy Division, Health and Welfare Department: 1-1 Kuratsuki, Kanazawa City) within three months of the day after receipt of the notification of the disposition.
- 2. You can file an appeal for cancellation of the disposition only after the decision on your request for examination stated in 1. above has been made. You need to file a suit against Kanazawa City (represented by the Mayor) within six months of the day after receipt of the notification of the decision; however, you can file an appeal before the decision on your request is made in one of the following cases:

(1) A decision on your request is not made within three months of the day after your request is made.

- (2) Emergent proceedings are required to avoid significant damage arising from the disposition, the execution of the disposition or the continuance of proceedings. (3) There is good reason for not making a decision with regard to your request.
- 3. Not withstanding the above, you cannot request an examination if one year has passed starting from the day after your disposition within the period stated in 1. above; also, you cannot file an appeal for cancellation of your disposition if one year has passed starting from the day after the decision has been made on your request within the period stated in 2. above. However, if there is good reason, you may request an examination or appeal for cancellation of the disposition after the periods stated in 1. or 2. above, or even after one year has passed starting from the day after your disposition or the day after a decision has been made on your request.